Registration Act, 1908 – Section 17 – Family agreement – Compulsorily registerable – If the generation of the rights were for a valuable consideration. [Kar.]

Registration Act, 1908 - Section 17 - Family <u>agreement</u> - Compulsorily registerable - "family agreement" was deemed to be a registerable document under Section 17 of the Registration Act, 1908, and the Trial Court's decision to treat it as a mere family arrangement was quashed - The "family agreement" in question resulted in the extinguishing of the rights of the First Party with respect to the schedule property mentioned therein and the generation of the rights of the Second Party for a valuable consideration, making it a registerable document - Mere reserving the right to object to the marking of a disputed document at a later stage does not entitle a party to produce the document and get it admitted in <u>evidence</u> - It is the duty of the Court to immediately hear objections and decide on the marking and admissibility of a document.

Evidence - Exhbiting - of a document - Mere reserving the right to object to the marking of a disputed document at a later stage does not entitle a party to produce the document and get it admitted in evidence - It is the duty of the Court to immediately hear objections and decide on the marking and admissibility of a document -practice and procedure

Tags: 2016, Admissibility, advocate, CPC, def, Evidence, Family agreement, FIR, Gm, Interest, Judgment, Owner, Partition, Practice and Procedure, Registration Act S. 17, Settlement, Stamp duty, Title, Will, Writ