



Order - When a statutory functionary makes an order based on certain grounds, its validity must be judged by the reasons so mentioned and cannot be supplemented by fresh reasons in the shape of affidavit or otherwise - Orders are not like old wine becoming better as they grow older

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“8. The second equally relevant matter is that when a statutory functionary makes an order based on certain grounds, its validity must be judged by the [reasons](#) so mentioned and cannot be supplemented by fresh reasons in the shape of affidavit or otherwise. Otherwise, an order bad in the beginning may, by the time it comes to court on account of a challenge, get validated by additional grounds later brought out.

We may here draw attention to the observations of Bose J. in ***Gordhandas Bhanji*** case:

“Public orders, publicly made, in exercise of a statutory authority cannot be construed in the light of explanations subsequently given by the officer making the order of what he meant, or of what was in his mind, or what he intended to, do. Public orders made by public authorities are meant to have public effect and are intended to affect the acting and [conduct](#) of those to whom they are addressed and must be construed objectively with reference to the language used in the order itself.

Orders are not like old wine becoming better as they grow older.”

Mohinder Singh Gill v. The Chief Election Commissioner, New Delhi , 1978 AIR (SC) 851

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