Peculiar facts of each case are to be examined, considered and appreciated first, before applying any codified or judge made law thereto. Sometimes, difference of even one circumstance or additional fact can make the world of difference, as held by the Honble Supreme Court in Padmausundara Rao and another v. State of Tamil Nadu and others, 2002 (3) SCC 533, Union of India v. Amrit Lal Manchanda and others, 2004 (3) SCC 75, State of Orissa v. Md. Illiyas, 2006 (1) SCC 275 and State of Rajasthan v. Ganeshi Lal, 2008 (2) SCC 533.

Tags: Judicial precedents